WRITE LABOR VS. COLORED LABOR IN VIRGINIA.

A letter from King and Queen county, Virginia, to the Tidewater Index has the following in regard to labor in that section: "Many of our best farminitiated in the mysteries, might think | ed. it a posse comitatus in search of someland have bought large estates in New- Universities." town township, and expect others to

being of a very peculiar construction.

war, perhaps, says the Richmond En- tion. Virginia. Sugar estates which were command was issued by this handful worth their hundreds of thousands, of people when just entering upon : are now worthless; her cotton indus- struggle with a nation acknowledged try has been completely demoralized, to be one of the most powerful on and the value of her lands reduced to earth, a struggle for property, for a merely nominal price. Railroads liberty, for life itself. Yet in the very have been built to the westward and midst of preparation for certain war. eastward of the Mississippi from its with the very clash of arms ringing in source to its mouth to divert her their ears, they were calm enough and trade. She is now suffering from two cool enough, and wise enough to put governments and a negro Legislature, upon record in the most solemn manwith a carpet-bag representation in ner, an injunction to promote and en-Congress; has had to impeach or in- conrace all useful learning, "In one officers; and, indeed, it has seemed North Carolina of one hundred years and that, too, when no taxation statement of a bill filed by Gen. Robert that neither life ner property has been ago, and in the first exercise of her safe there since nortial law was with- new born sovereignty.

what manner of men Grant appointed by Federal bayonets.

theet, is especially disgruntled at Sim- But thank Heaven these p-ople did of our members of Congress will work had no notice of any kind of this ac- preme Court of the State having deci-

and the office to which he has upon better times. The people of tion is to increase the value of the cur- road up to the present time. properly its responsible duties, but in order that he may use the power and versity, and have by an overwhelming resumption of specie payments. antronage which are wielded by its majority ordered its management and To this proposition we have two ob- also that neither Governor Bullock, possessors, to secure his own advance- control to be taken from the hands of jections: first, that an increase of only Governor Conley, Governor Smith, or the men who brought it to ruin. If S41,000,000 will not meet the business Stephens' gift to the State, or ever equally insignificant person in the the people had desired its death, they requirements of the country; and claimed any right under his deed, as trusts but as property, and who use it down, knowing full well that the resumption. Indeed we think this is no trusted not to carry out the wishes of ratification of the amendment was the time for the consideration in any information as to their business, their heir constituents, but to defeat them. revival of the University. The struggle arose over a local office, At no time then, for the last of specie payments. but it is only one battle in the general hundred years, if we may cred-. If anything can save the farming in

or of Bostou herself. So long, as the "all useful learning." ments of the Administration did not outset, is no longer an open one. indifferent to the disgust of their years of emphatic declaration of their shell friends, and exceedingly ready to at- will by the people of North Carolina, Of course the North, looking at this Tribute improper motives to any indig. when the lawfully constituted author- matter from a different standpoint,

big thing indeed, as the claim involves and seeks, as far as in his power may of Congress to increase the volume of the currency to an extent uses shall curious facts, an illustrious name, a going on ! formidable corporation, and General
Toombs as prosecutor. What a flutter
Toombs as prosecutor. What a flutter
Toombs as prosecutor. What a flutter this will make among the lawyers! pose to prevent the restoration of the North.

We do not propose to insult the inelligence of our readers by saying a word to show the importance of having a State University. Whether there are or whether there are not advantution, is happily not now, if indeed it Poor to undertake, was the restoration assets are equal to thirty per cent. of ever was, an open question with the people of North Carolina.

For one hundred years they have tatheir fixed determination not only to encourage liberal learning, but to do so through the instrumentality of a State University. Beginning with their ers cannot obtain necessary labor, as very birth as a sovereign people this the colored men are inclined to adhere determination has but grown with their to their resolution 'not to work on the growth, and strengthened with their farm,' so we frequently see gangs of strength. From 1776, to the present them on their way to the wood-yards, time, the utterances of the people of &c., with their haversacks and axes North Carolina in regard to their Uniswinging to them, and one who is not versity have been uniform and repeat-

And nowhere do we find their dething of a more pugilistic character termination more plainly expressed than the original growth of timber than it was in their first utterance on which is so fast disappearing. The the 18th day of December, 1776, when white men have taken advantage of their duly elected representatives, then their folly, and have put their own assembled in the town of Halifax, hands to the plow, and in the event adopted the first constitution for their they look not back,' we can predict government as freemen. So imporfor them a prosperous and happy fu- tant did the people then regard this ture. The gloom that once prevailed matter of a State University that one to some extent within us is now gradu- of their very first acts as a free people ally subsiding, and things are wearing | was to incorporate into the fundamenmore cheerful appearance. Immi- tal law of the land the command that gration has at last made a move in this | "all useful learning shall be duly endirection; several families from Scot- couraged and promoted in one or more

It is worthy of remembrance that unite with them at an early date. These | the people who appreciated the adttlers brought their agricultural im- vantages of a State University so much plements with them, and they are dif- as to incorporate this command in ferent from anything of the kind ever their first constitution, all told, men, before seen in this section, their har- women and children, did not number rans, drags, plows, cultivators, &c., as many as two hundred thousand souls, and did not have within all their borders more than three schools in which any pretence was made to teach Louisiana suffered more during the the rudiments even of a classical educa-

quirer, than any other State, except | It is to be remembered also that this

drawn, and yet, under all these disconragonants, New Orleans has a pop- independence being happuly ended, we clation of 220,000, an accessed valua- find the Legislature in obedience to tion of property amounting to \$131,000- the constitutional command, passing 000, and a total indebtedness of \$22.- an act to establish a University, as the (15),(600, with a tax rate of 3 per cent, best way to fit arising generation for the which, contrasted with the condition discharge of the duties of life. At the of the Northern cities of New York, same session also an act was passed to i billadelphia, Brooklyn and Washing- scenre the erection of the necessary in, places her still far ahead in all buildings, and to provide for the welthe elements of wealth and prosperity. fare of the University. Five years No wonder she could jubilate and car- later the Legislature passed an act nivalate so grandly on Mardi-Gras; more liberally to endow the Univerand if Congress will only relieve her sity. Four years later still, we find from Kellogg, Durell and the rest of furth a legislation, and again in 1804. the vile horde, and restore the rule of in 1805 and in 1807, and again in 1821

ameaded, but no man suggested even

is nothing more nor less than a repre- until the accursed days of subjugation there.

take much stock in sympathy for Bes- to blot out this command and to strike and inflation of the currency.

Bostonians "are merely beginning to equally emphatic declarations express- der for the payment of debts.

goring of mere common oxen, such as have the people of North Carolina we fear, very nearly hopelessly in racated. those in New York, Charleston, or New failed to look to their University as the debt, and as the articles for which To the bill are annexed as exhibits, Orleans, and the goring of the sacred best means to encourage and promote those debts were contracted were the deed from Mr. Stephens to the personal and questionable appoint. The question then, as we said at the think it gross injustice to demand paythe vicinity of the Administration 111 at outset is no longer an onen one. come near to them, they were proudly And yet, in the face of this hundred This is the whole question in a nut- Constitution.

We copy from the Atlanta Constitutaking measures for the revival is the only thing that now bears the

GOV. CALDWELL, THE PENI- Institution at which he received his education. No man who has read his last annual message has any right now to say he is taken by surprise when Governor Caldwell comes out in his true colors as an enemy of the University. In that message, the only thing Governor Caldwell found the State too rupt shall be discharged unless his of the University.

> dollar for the revival of the University. | their ante-war and war debts. According to Governor Caldwell, the people ought to be taxed to build a lican in hoping the House Judiciary penitentiary out of stone rather than | Committee will amend the Senate subbrick, "as a matter of architectural stitute so it shall read "on debts con beauty of the building ;" according to A. D. 1869." Governor Caldwell the people ought to be taxed to furnish transportation to their former homes for convicts after they have served out their terms in the State prison, but if he be right the people are entirely too poor to spend a dollar to restore the Universi-According to Governor Caldwell, the penitentiary is such an admirable place for training the young convicts to a valuable trade, that its completion to this same Governor Caldwell, the revival of the University, an institution that trains young men for valuable employments, without first having committed crime, and without having worn a felon's jacket, may well be post-

> It surely cannot be that the Governor of North Carolina thinks that to make a good citizen a man must first be a felon. Why, then, does he make such a difference? Is it because white boys will go to the University and negroes go to the Penitentiary? It does, indeed, seem strange that Governor Caldwell should be willing to tax the people for every project save one for the restoration of the has been his opposition to this one way in his last annual message to advise that any attempt to restore for any such purpose had been asked Toombs, as attorney for the Sengo does, indeed, seem strange that our present lease. of the Penitentiary how to secure re- be recovered is only \$1,000,000.

indefinite future! Why this differ-

Governor Caldwell prefer his Peatter- | St

any change in the command, that "ail The statements that we receive from Western and Atlantic Railread Com- ege. The motion of Mr. Carpenter to Bostonians are much exercised over useful learning shall be duly encour. Washington City in relation to the pany. That he was entitled to a half the appointment of one Simmons as aged, and promoted in one or more temper and feeling of the members of of one share in said lease, being one. up his bill was agreed to temper and feeling of the members of of one share in said lease, being one. The Corporate said that the Collector of their port, but really Universities;" and untouched and unwe have thus far been quable to get up changed, that command of the sover-question, are so conflicting, that it is ces were turned over to said compa- the time of the Senate in any glowing much sympathy for them. Simmons, eign people of North Carolina redifficult to form any opinion as to the my, he all they say about him is true, mained, whether in peace or in war, result of the discussion now going on converge to the state of Georgia

and negroes rode campant throughout therefore being in doubt as to the re-

ate, the representative of that school had only to vote down the amendment second, that the 4th of July, 1876, is That the said one-half share is thereoliticians who regard offices not for its revival; but they refused to vote entirely too early a day to fix upon for fore still his property. That the com aspect of the question of resumption | receipts or their expenditures.

and good government are called upon it the oft repeated and always terest of the South from the bank- from its organization to the final set-Of such are Radicals everywhere, and elected representatives; if we may be an inflated currency; in other portion of all the profits earned by as the New York Tribune says, the credit their own more recent and words a cheap and abundant legal ten-

ment, in specie, or its equivalent. and the executive warrant. - Atlanta

of the University, Tod R. Caldwell, against the Western and Atlantic Railway lessees. It promises to be a very big thing indeed as the claim involves and socks are far as in his power may be the claim involves. prevent the labor of our people and

THE BANKRUPT LAW.

The Washington City Republican to a very important change in the bankrupt law proposed by the Senate substitute for the House repeal bill. It provides that "no voluntary bank-

According to Governor Caldwell, the he owes as principal," The law now people are amply able to compromise provides that no bankrupt shall be with their creditors and to pay taxes to discharged unless his assets are equal SPEECH OF SENATOR CARPEN upon record in the most solema manner meet the interest on the public debt, to fifty per cent. of the debts proved and amply able to pay taxes to estab- against him which he owes as princilish an orphan house, but they are not pal, contracted since the first of Januable to revive the University. Accord- ary 1869. As the law now stands a ing to Governor Caldwell, North Caro- bankrupt can be discharged from all lina is rich enough to mortgage its his debts provable in bankruptcy which only remaining railroad stock to com- were contracted previous to the first of plete a road running through his sec- January 1869. The effect of the adoption of the State, and rich enough to tion of the Senate substitute by the ed on Mr. Cushing, and asked him spend money on immigration schemes, House will be to deprive the Southern what he thought about the quasi but she is not rich enough to spend a States of any relief in bankruptcy from

We heartily concur with the Repubtaste and to prevent destroying the tracted subsequent to January first,

A Connecticut correspondent writes that Henry R. Pease, colored, recently elected to fill the vacancy in the who had no money, told Mrs. Gaines United States Senate caused by the who also had no money, that unless resignation of Gov. Ames, of Missis- they put their purses together and sippi, enlisted from Ellington as a gave Judge Durell the money which private in the Twenty-fifth Connecti- would lose her case'. They did not cut Regiment in the war. "In Febru- attempt this rather impossible feat. ary, 1863, he was discharged in Baton | There was no proof that if they had Rouge to take a command in a colored offered a bribe to Judge Durell, that regiment, one of the first formed in he would have taken it, and Mrs. cannot be postponed; but according the Gulf Department. He was soon Gaines won her case despite of the after assigned to a position on Gov. stories and prognostications that Andrews' staff filling the positions of bribery was the sine qua non of her Advocate. He was then appointed Gaines' story, the only guilty person the State was again admitted into the | reasoning which induced her to bring poned until a convenient season in the Union. He then went to Mississippi | the charges she had made against Du-

> factorily for the past four years." had been in a position to take Superintendent of Education satisfice Durell would have failen like another torily to the people of Mississippi just | Eve. The only possible sequiture, of

people of North Carolina.

der H. Stephens, vs. the Wes-

the University should be postponed, occasion to give our readers a concise combination, against the Western and for and when no intimation of any Atlantic Bailroad Company. The ob-

other bill against the same defendants. the welfare of young convicts and so The statement of the case is Alexander indifferent to any provision for young H. Stephens, es. the Western and Atcounty, and George H. Hazlehurst, of Bibb county. The amount sought to

The following is a condensed state-Ena is rich enough, but ask for money ment of the principal allegations in 1870, he became one of the lessees and | who wished to push the Centennial bili proprietors of the Western and Atlan-

Ent every one to his taste. Let tic Railroad, then the correct, or the court, and on the same day was incorcent destiny will at once open up be In 1835 there was a convention of thary as much as he will, the people porated under an act of the Legislature tore the Queen City of the Southwest. the people and the constitution was very decidedly prefer the University. October in the same year, with divers aware of the fact that the Senator from forty-sixth part of the whole. That Mr. Carpenter said that he propose

of A. H. Stephens, G. H. Hazlehurst, affairs, it seemed to him as if it had

he have full access to and the examinato engage in all over the country." uniform declarations of their duly ruptcy now impending over it, it will tlement of this case, and to receive his

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

HEADQUARTERS.

says : Our attention has been called CALEB CUSHING SUED FOR \$200,000 FOR LIBEL BY MRS.

CLARK GAINES. CONGRESSMAN PEHAM RESTED FOR AN ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO

EILL. THE LOUISIANA ELECTION.

Washington, March 4 -- Mrs. Gaines has sued Caleb Cushing for \$200,000 for libel. In a dispatch in Sanday's New putting down usurpation when he Orleans papers, in which the words she quotes were used, he says: The following funny thing is from the New York World, in regard to Mrs. Gaines' charges : "The writer yesterday callcharges brought by Mrs. Gaines against Judge Dureil. Mr. Cashing said that his position as counsel in the case, prevented him from revealing professional secrets, but he felt at liberty to state that he knew of nothing in Durell's conduct in relation to Mrs. Gaines, that was dishonorable or unbefitting an upright Judge. He wondered that any importance had been placed on Mrs. Gaines's statements. It was a mistake that she had any money in her control, and all her story amounted to, was this : 'Stone, neither of them had. Mrs. Gaines Corps Instructor and Assistant Judge doing so. Clearly, according to Mrs. Superintendent of Education for the in the matter was Stone, who propos-State, with headquarters at New Or- ed purchasing justice and obtaining leans, which position he filled until the judicial ermine. Mrs. Gaines and was elected Superintendent of rell, was a specimen of woman's logic. Education, filling the position satis- Stone told her to bribe Durell. If she We presume he filled the position of Stones advice, which she was not,

about in the same way that his illustri- course, was that Durell was even more ous compeer Pilgrim Ashely filled the guilty of malfeasance in office, from flice of Superintendent of Public In- the fact that he did not take a bribe which was never offered him than he struction to the satisfaction of the would have been had he accepted one. Gaines that he (Mr. Cashing) had also advised her to bribe Judge Durell they were an entire fabrication. He University. But so strong, indeed, The Senson for Big Suits-Alexan- never thought necessary nor contemplated any such arrangement and he certainly would never have advised prospect of taking the two days journ-

of Alabama, for an assault with an

revival preacher, died at Rockford, are considered the Lquor traffic com-

all of his interest, for reasons satisfacting connection with the Louisiana case, Where the whole people of the State grave constitutional question without Wall's rect crisis of last autumn; but sentative of Radicalism, and is fully and infernal radical rule, the days Both sides continue to claim the vie- tory to himself. That until recently upon which both himself and the Sen- preferred a Monarchical Government the existence of the facts necessary to he has not lost enough to hurt him. as good an appointment as nine-tenths when carpet-baggers and scallawags tory to be won, and we can not help he believed his deed of conveyance ator from Indiana had agreed, and it was an entirely different thing. raise that question. In such a case The old M the dist sharper, as they had been accepted by the State. That would endeavor to show that all the He heartily concurred with the Sen- where the Supreme Court of the State call him on the Exchange, was susometime before the first of October, circumstances required the passage of ator from Wisconsin, (Carpenter) to which the writ of error is directed, premely seared, and has frequently and Bostonians knew what Radicalism the State, protected from righteous sult. But while we are in doubt as to in the year 1871, a meeting was held the bill proposed by him. He reviewed that the State Government of has not considered the question, this nonneed that he was runned. This is was, and yet embraced it; they knew vengeance and from just punishment what the result will be, we entertain of the persons styling themselves the the election returns and raid it was Louisiana was root and branch Court will not feel at herry to go out a favorite cry with him, when he wants what the result will be, we entertain of the persons styring themselves the no doubt whatever as to what the reno doubt to office, and yet they voted him a secOne of the first acts of this horde of suit ought to be. To us it seems clear with the governt of the State of George and bell that the did agree with him as to the remedies. with the consent of the State of Geor- not hold that the election was a fair Carpenter said in a debate of this kind opinion. This case was argued with weight. He failed to realize large They then fired the building, and ond term, and, doubtless, stand ready destroyers, the second war of inde- that there ought as rapidly as possible gia, and of the securities upon their one. As Congress had already an hor- that he was in a position of fighting in the Shaughter hour cases from New amounts which he confidently expect- Next hastened away to Miscoini, while to vote him a third term. We do not pendence being ended unhappily, was to be a material, substantial expansion bond, they would receive in the place ized one investigation into Louisiana open field against an ambuseade. The Orleans, and it was expected that it ed, and these he counts as positive tonians because they have Simneons as down the University, as one of the university as one of the university, as one of the university, as one of the university as one of the un first acts of the men of the Revolution South and West require it, and re- which they declared he had sucrendered ferred to the argument of the Senator penter) was like McClellan in one ring epinion, setting forth that the the suits brought against him by the But thank Heaven these people did no notice of any kind of our members of Congress will work appointment, but like others of its kind, the Advertiser talks better of its kind, the Advertiser talks better of the kind, the Advertiser talks better only the many people did no notice of any kind of our members of Congress will work and to him the same has been and the summer of 1873. That the consummation so devoutly to be wished.

Shaughter house cases is in his view, and it only became known to him ded in favor of Kellogg, and said the represent North Carolina. They and speak and vote to bring about this ded in favor of Kellogg, and said the represent of the summer of 1873. That testimony before the Senate Committee, showed such a state of fraud as ready to support it as soon as the Senate Committee, showed such a state of fraud as depriving citizens of the United States. tyranny of the Federal Government, Senator Merrimon has taken a prom- gia, gave the desired executive per- would set aside the decision of any tri- ator would remove the seal of confi- of their right of property, contrary to stances against any operator. Persons "Simmons was oprosed not because and thanks to the indomitable will of inent part in the discussion in the mission for the transfer; that it was dence from it. The Senator (Morton) from dence from it. The Senator (Ferry) the provisions of the constitution. But in a position to know declare that the he was a friend of General Butler, but because he was a man whose character, but because he was a man whose character has because he was a man whose character has a because he was a man whose charac because he was a man whose character, our dive legislation, we are now come all parts of the country. His proposi- share of the rents and profits of said Presidential election in Louisiana had was no government at all, but usurped the States have unaloubted authority. ent would be covered by \$500,000, and stated that the Lynch board in making by Kellogg. He (Carpenter) believed Mr. Justice Field read an opinion that he is still worth \$7,000,000 to excited, and it is expected that the been appointed; because he has sought North: Carolina have once more de- rency about \$44,000,000 and to fix the the count and declaring the election of that the Kellogg Government was concurring in the views of Mr. Justice \$85,000,000. the Electors, had no legal evidence held up by the bayonets of the Bradicy. upon which it could count the votes. United Stat's, sustained this hour by The Senator had shown that no valid- the troops of the United States, and ity attached to the action of the Lynch | be wanted to known what remedy board in the count for Presidential there was for the difficulty. The Su-Electors and both Houses of Congress | preme Court of the State was in conacted upon that report. The Senator spiracy with Kellogg and would not (Morton) now claimed that the Supreme | inaugurate any move for reform; the the Lynch board was the legal board, racy and it would not do so; the Govbut he (Carpenter) called attention to erument would not and the people the fact that that decision was made could not, because Federal bayonets before the report of the Senator from were leveled at them. The powers of Indiana, above referred to, and he (Car- the Federal Government were sov- an interview with the President to-day. penter) regretted that the Senator ereign, except as limited by the Con-(Morton) was not in his sent to-day, stitution, as those of the Czar of Rusand would pass from that branch of sia; Congress could dec are war tohis argument, omitting many things morrow against any nation, with or which he intended to refer to. How without cause; it could tax the last The investigation of the affairs of and it is affirmed that things are now murderer known that his hiding place would Congress look before the count- dallar from the pockets of the people, Josiah E. Hayes, Radical State Trea- arranged to suit him. Such a man as was suspected he would have been ing after deciding that the election or establish female suffrage and put surer of Kansas, begins to reveal son e he could not keep out of the excite- miles away. was void as to the Presidential electihe women in the army. The great ugly facts. The correspondent of the ment of Wall street if he wanted to, tearn the great difference between the ed in plain words at the ballot box, The Southern farmers as a class are, or some other large sum. It also the Senator (Morton) having led the The report of the German Southern farmers as a class are, or some other large sum. It also the Senator (Morton) having led the prays that the grant to Hazlehurst be The Senator (Morton) having led the larly, was the inexpediency of calling paper that it has already been shown for the panic he would have made at shows the total immigration of Ger Senate through the first phase, now a new election, on the ground that it that Co-has, theyes c'erk, has been least \$3,000,000, and mans at New York during 1873 to be seeks to lead it in a counter movement. would be a dangerous precedent, but in the habit of leaning the State's therefore he is negatively so much the 101,900, against 128,300, which shows those debts were contracted were not valued at specie prices, we can but the deed from Mr. Stephens to the not valued at specie prices, we can but the minutes of the meeting when Congress was to enquire whether the deed from Mr. Stephens to the a part of the State Government, and when Congress was to enquire whether the deed from Mr. Stephens to the poorer. However, and a falling off of 26.130. In Germany was a dangerous medicine, and as well banks, but to individuals. Among great complaints are made as to this when Congress was to enquire whether might it be said that because doctors others, the Cashier of the Shawnee . He is at present actively and largely constant emigration, which drains the the government of that State was gave it to grown men they might give Republican or not the Supreme Court it to infants. Look at the probable the Bank itself \$30,000. That this was ton, and will be heard from as the leaves behind socialists and agriculture. Republical of not the Supreme Court of the Supreme Nevertheless, if they can now disselected by the Legislature in pursuits the South and looks upon it as a hundred millions of dollars and lost court of the University, the University than University, the University, the University, the University, the Un of hostilities. In other words, in the determined by the political depart. your election next fall, get it by fraud, cent upon its face, and taking for search and intrigue of the street he was held many is very sensible to, as is its possible to. last five years Spain has wasted two ment of the Government, the Supreme or any way, there is no power to put curity paper that was worthless. cover a way to compeler form, and can accompeler form, and can accompeler form, and can accompeler form, and can sharp business transaction to sell goods between fifty thousand and seventy-preme Court of Louisiana was not element would say if that is a your organize therefor the great mass of constitution, elected too, without a at inflated prices and then by national five thousand troops by bullet and preme Court of Louisiana was not element would say if that is a your

> pete with the negroes in that respect, corruptly. The Senator from Indiana had said pass this but and the count be blood shed in Louisiana. He said the Republicans were all in favor of Kellogg and the respectable Demo-

himself up in executive favor by de- the nursery. It reminded him of the position, and was very popular.

nouncing somebody else- for falling old song, fee fi fo fum, I smell the short Suppose General Grant did blood of an Englishman, Blood, blood, misconstrue a statute; did it make him | blood, blood, he said four times. Did the Senator expect to influence the a worse man? not at all, and he, (Car-Senate by any such argument. penter) protested against the Senstor Morton) declaring that there had been There would be no blood shed by

an attack upon the President, when he (Carpenter) pointed out a misconstruction of a statute. Such Justices necessary; if not the nation had better burst its banner and put its affairs in as Mansfield, Story and Marshal, would at and lister for days to an the hands of a Receiver. Mr. Carpenter then read from the argument to show them where they speech made by Kellogg in the Senate were in error, while a Justice of the Peace would knock him down for sug- in 1868, in which he said that all the people of the State wanted, was a fair gesting that he may have erred. He election, and whenever any thief was (Carpenter) denied that he had made (Carpenter) denied that he had made election, and whenever any thiel was at least on the shrinkage of prices, the Metropolitan Insurance Company, and the proportion of christage and the proportion of christage are the Metropolitan Insurance Company, ring to the argument of the Senator Republican, he should be put out. from New Jersey, (Frelinghuysen) as The people wanted a fair election, to the plan of the President to get in

was satisfied himself that it existed.

Carpenter said there was but one man

in the United States except Senator

Frelinghuysen, who entertained such

had such power.

In concluding his argument, Mr. Carpenter said that Congress was in a stop. Louisiana had but one Senator here and the Constitution says she was in the United States; that he, he would not vote to seat Pinchback, even, had power to interpret the con- and by that he declared there was no Republican government in Louisiana. Mr. Frelinghusen said the Senator's By seating Pinchback the Senate (Carpenter) information was very lim- | would have recognized Kellogg. By ited not to know that the President seating McMillan, it would have recognized McEnery, but by refusing to

Mr. Carpenter said one of the greatseat either, it declared there had been est pleasures of his life was to add to no election there. Was it wise to adhis store of information, and he would | journ this troublesome question into listen, as a faithful disciple at the feet | the troubles of the Presidential elecof his master, when the gentleman tion. It was not probable that there from New Jersey would undertake to | would be the same unanimity then that show him that under the Constitution, | there was last time, for as he scanned the President, of his own volition and | the political horizon, he thought he without proper record from the State, | could see more than one cundidate, and could determine that an insurrection it was not impossible that the vote of existed in a State and proceed to put | Louisiana might change the whole it down. A court of justice could not thing. The question should be settled decide a case between the Senator and now and put out of the vay, as it was himself of \$200 without a record .- neither wise nor prudent to adjourn it. Why? Because it was a court of He had no personsl feeling in the matrecord. The mere cry by telegraph to ter, his relations with Kellogg having the President, "come and help us," been of the most friendly character, was not sufficient for his interference. but he wanted the Congress of the He (Carpenter believed that if the United States to do its duty and order Federal troops were withdrawn from an honest election, so that the people Louisiana, Kellogg's government could have their choice. would not stand. There are two ques-Mr. Frelingbuysen said that he de

tions involved as to the passage of this | sired to speak on the subject, but he bill. First, have we the power to pass | yielded to Senator Cameron, it; Second, the expediency of passing moved that the Senate proceed with The Constitution provides that the Centennial bill. each State shall have a republican Mr. Thurman said he also desired form o government, and one of the to speak on Louisiana affairs and

filled by persons elected by the peo- | Mr Conkling said that the Senator The power of Congress was de- from Pennsylvania (Cameron) was Yonker of his hot blood and intense man in the plot. A letter written by rived from the Constitution, not anxious to get away, and it was due from the tumults in Louisiana. him to take up and dispose of the cenor the frauds of Durell or the Lynch | tennial bill to-day if possible, board, and he asked every Senator

Mr. Cameron's motion to take up the within his hearing if Congress had not | centennial bill was agreed to. the power to give the people of that | Pending the motion to refer it to State what they had been cheated out | the Committee on Appropriations, Mr. of, namely : The right to elect their Thurman spoke against referring the own officers. Should our Government | bill, and said if it went to that commitoverthrown it would be by these tee the understanding would be that steady encroachments. Congress should there should be an appropriation for ee at all times that each State had a the celebration, and this he opposed Republican form of government, and on the ground that Congress had no every Senator declaring that Congress power under the Constitution to vote to get his revenge. He is not one of had not the power to interfere now, money for such a purpose.

thing in 1876, in 1880 or in 1884, and | bill to regulate commerce by radroads | mere boy, after his father's death, and | the train that hight, stopped at Topeamong the several States was debated his setting up for himself as the owner ka and got a requisition from the If Congress had no authority to interf re in the House without any result being of a pirogue running between Staten Governor, proceeded to Leavenworth

must differ from the gentleman as to such liquors is not one of the privi- lesst a round \$100,000,000 (one hun-Mr. Carpenter said he was sorry the the United States, which by that tury of age. By his own estimate he which stood in a clearing chopy Senator would stand in his place and amendment the States are for can achieve the former in five years. Wood, "Smith passed around to the virtually say if Kellogg and his friends bidden to abridge, but if a case which at the rate of twenty per cent. joined hands and defied the peo- was presented in which property at the per annum. of the State for tifter time a law was passed by the State at- The greater part of the Dal he mean to say that if a band of solutely prohibiting the sale of it, it ruffigns should seize the State that would be a very grave question ongress could not then itterfere? whether such a law would not be in- Vanderbilt's son-in-law, has been er-

Governor and Legislators should re- owner of the said liquor sold. Sec- that sum, as has been believed.

Mr. Boulwell has the dyspepsin and

Senator Edmunds' physicians recommend a Southern tour. Chief Justice Waite was scaled after

and gave local bail in \$5 000 to appear

Boston has one colored policeman -

To Dr. Helmboid's Patients. The Carpenter) had stated was the originator, is still performing bold was the originator, is still performing wonderful cures of obscure diseases of the uri.

The Reliogg Government by the Fresident's Bureau thieves plans that of the Seventh Louisiana Regimer occasion he. (Carpenter) had stated as adjusted as ad

AFTER THE STORM.

Financial Condition of Some of the Millionnires of New York.

[Cincipnati Gazette Letter] Since the September panic, all sorts new election. The government could of stories have been told of the detri- Our city and neighboring State of ment some of our millionaires have Kansas have been startled by a resuffered by the derangement and de- tion equal in horror to the Bender de cline in values. According to rumor, velopments, and proving a depth of dethe rich have either been rained or so pravity almost unexampled in Western reduced as to be no longer powerful. annals: Last summer two young men Tales of this kind must always be re- named Winner and McNutt, of this ceived with liberal allowance. They place, obtained an insurrace policy for are apt to be based on ignorance; or and the proportion of shrinkage ap- The policy was in favor of a woman plied to the fortunes of the supposed to be crippled. One of the chief ad- McNutt had been collabiling for about even if it be by Federal interference. vantages of wealth, during a period a year in Leavenworth and Kausas of discredit, consists in the fact that City. In order to begainst the policy, it is not forced to sell at prevailing McNutt married the women in November 1 quotations. It can afford to hold, and ber last, and soon after sold out his the security being good, the loss is paint shop and went to Wichita, a new au opinion, and that was Andrew Johnson. He mentioned that he New Jersey (Frelinghuysen) had said other words, upon what it might be if New Jersey (Frelioghuysen) had said other words, upon what it might be if sas, much frequented by stock rasers,

CORNELIUS VANDERBILT.

rebension of the recent dollarous evolution (you may make it "dolorous," if you like) has been Cornelius Vanderbilt, from whose estate the newspapers have subtracted from \$5,-000,000 to \$10,000,000. The difference between the quotations of his stocks-New York Central, Lake Shore, West. ern Union and others-on the first days of September and those of October, would easily foot up that amount. venerable reynard discosed of any of lown. He is carrying a vast deal now; | McNutt. out has marked out his programme, omed to-proving, to his surprise, she knew about the fearful trans

impetuosity needs. shown by his whist-playing at should make money in such a way. compelled, however, at the end of the mystery remains unrevealed, the evening, to pay a few dollars to his antagonist, he feels cross, and is wick county, got on impatient for the next evening in order

that they were sick and tired of a Re- form and by positive allegation, the of the president of the Lake Shore prisoner on Monday night, publican Government, and that their | time when the defendant became the | railway, instead of three or four times |

thing- not wedded to any particular distinction between this and the brokers. They say he is so ungenerous

months. His reported retirement from is connected with one of the most ostensibly withdrawing from the spec- death having been the subject of a ulative arena, and its object has been obituary in a Nova Scotia paper the already obtained. It will be remembered that he was uncomfortably combered that he was uncomfortably complicated with non-paying New Jersey as a quiet, hard working, inoffensive Southern and other railway interest, man, and it accordingly behoved him to Much praise is due to bow himself out. By so doing he the quiet, successful way in which he avoided certain legal responsibilities, worked up the case, as had the fugitive

responsible, and he says, truly enough, ernment to a depletion which deputes The New Orleans papers announce that he has sufficient sins of his own it annually of as many soldiers as would they will find the heartiest sympathy and support from those whom they have haretofore been the first to censure."

The World says if that is a your game, we will play it, and they would heart to consideration. The Court had never attempted, ally without regard to the race, color or previous condition of servitude of the that have haretofore been the first to censure."

The World says the "Ring" planted or was the "Ring" planted or was the "Ring" planted or was the "Ring" planted or with the Court had never attempted, but all it did say in cated we cannot approve the proposition of Senator Merrimon. He does not some of the Southern States, would be the morein great. It is, he declares, always blunted in factor or whether that board acted honestly or was the "Ring" planted or was the "Ring" plant the death of Col. A. W. Merriam, who to answer for without any additional a campaign. away. The funeral took place on the 19th, and was one of the most imposing ever witnessed in New Orleans. In the standard and has failed to discover his plainest transactions. He is much amnsed, I States have been plandered of \$20,000,000, but no non has been punished. The Southern States have been plandered of \$20.000. the early days of the war, Col. Merriam told, by the reiterated story of his 000,000, but no one has been purished. am was in Virginia, and acted as edju- owning the Tribune, of which he does The Fredmen's Burean thieves plunwas a native of Massachuseetts, was about for the President's action, and the Senator from Indiana got on this high horse to illustrate his fidelity for the Senator (Morton) from imprudence and excess. This great diagram of the senator (Morton) lar to get falls. Patients should be particular of the senator for him to bolster to the administration. A thing entering of the senator (Morton) to the administration. At thing entering on the senator of the Senator (Morton) to the administration. At thing entering on the senator of the senator (Morton) to the administration. At thing entering on the senator of the senator (Morton) to the administration. At thing entering on the senator of the senator (Morton) to the administration. At thing entering on the senator of t

DURNED ALIVE FOR \$5,900

Plot of Two Monsters to Cheat and Insurance Company.

Kansas Crry, Missouri, Feb. 19. McNatt was necompanied by Winner. Just before Christmas, Winner esta back to Kansas City for the purpose, A conspicuous victim in popular apas appears, of finding a venner man to be murdered, whose body was to be as McNutt's. He visited Mrs. McNuit. who had remained here, and disclosed the plot to her. A young man named Seviers was malueed to accompany Winner to Wichits on promise of a job

But does anybody imagine that the was taken, according to McNatt's con s property at the decline? Has he murderers, and there orugged with marvelously managed, schemed, landanum. Cords were bound tightly contrived for half a century, for sooth, around his body, his clothing saturated be caught at last in so shallow a with kerosene, and the shep was set of trap? Verily, not he. On the con- fire. His remains were found amid trary, he has kept all the bad, and he the hot embers of the building, and ourchased more while the market was were at first supposed to be those of

and within a few months, he will attacked in the night, McNutt tilled turn what was the general harm to his and the shop robbed and burned. His ndividual benefit. Vanderbilt is still story excited suspicion for there were worth all of \$50,000,000, and will no bruises on his person, only slight doubtless increase the sum by \$10,- scratches. Mrs. McNutt at once chain-000,000 before the first of the coming od the \$5,000 insurance, and the insu June. The panic frightened him a lit- rance agent proceeded to investig to tle, for the market went beyond his | Winner and Mrs. McNutt were arrested control-something he was unaccus- and the woman confessed perhaps of first requisites of a republican form of hoped the centennial would go over that he cannot always play the finan- She said she had endeavored to dis cial Jupiter. The crisis will avail him | suade McNutt from committing the teaching him prudence, which a murder, and that Winner was the chief her on the day of the tragedy was in-The Commodore loves money, it is tercepted, in which she becought her aid, more for its own sake than for husband in God's name to for go the power it yields. It distresses him intended crime, and effered to work all lose the smallest sum, as is her days in poverty sooner than he Saratoga every summer. He watches Mrs. McNutt refused, however, each point of the game, and turn States evidence, and it appeared s almost invariably a winner. If he as though justice might be balked, and Ex-Sheriff, William Smith, of Levi

ON MACNUTT'S TRACE. On Tuesday, the 10th instant, inte the men who have stumbled into On Tuesday, the 16th instant, intelligence. He has amassed his millions ligence was received that McNatt was set itself up also by force. Violence The noted and long pending Barter has should become prosperous. He day night. He procured a horse and was as good a title as fraud, and a lit- myer case from lows, we can aware told an acquaintance, not long age, guide, and rode all night, hunting for

tary perdition during the past three appears to be the mover in the traged